



Федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение
высшего образования

**Российская академия народного хозяйства и государственной службы
при Президенте Российской Федерации**

Олимпиада школьников РАНХиГС

Заключительный этап

Класс: 11

Профиль: ИНОСТРАННЫЙ (АНГЛИЙСКИЙ) ЯЗЫК

Фамилия: ВАСЕВА

Имя: ВЕРА

Отчество: КОНСТАНТИНОВНА

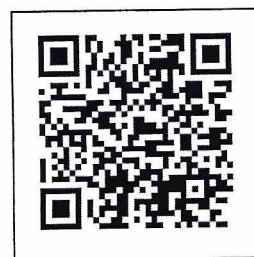
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Регион: СВЕРДЛОВСКАЯ ОБЛАСТЬ

ВСЕГО СТРАНИЦ

08

ПОДПИСЬ УЧАСТНИКА





Task 1a.

- 1) work
- 2) push
- 3) ideas
- 4) guidance

2 ВАРИАНТ

Task 1b.

And the first thing is passion. Freeman Thomas says, "I'm driven by my passion". TED-sters do it for love, they don't do it for money. Carol Coletta says, "I would pay someone to do what I do." And the interesting thing is, if you do it for love, the money comes anyway!

Task 1c.

- 1) My passion is what drives me particularly, not someone else.
- 2) ~~what my passion does to~~ Driving me is what exactly my passion ^{to me} does; neither frustrates, nor disappoints, it drives me.
- 3) ~~Stressed words sound more persuasive and stand out, whereas pauses provide time for thinking and settling with the~~ ~~stressed words~~ Stressed words sound more persuasive and stand out, whereas pauses provide time for thinking and settling with the ~~stressed words~~ main ideas.

Task 2.

- 1) I would say the number of children in my family. I'm seriously thinking of making a couple more of them. ~~My~~ My wife and I are close to starting





- a football team out of our "brood".
- 2) I let my children resolve ~~five~~^{live} billion-dollar deals in the Rock, Paper, Scissors game. Just kidding. I often consult with my father, he's an entrepreneur too, after all. ~~I want to be~~ ~~at~~ ~~the~~ Anyway, I prefer self-reliance.
- 3) Patience, Trust and Work. These are the bulletpoints of my children's upbringing. I don't teach them, I don't have ~~this~~ ~~degree~~ this degree. I simply try being their one and only role model.
- 4) It is important because time is money, money is efficiency and sustainability. ~~People~~^{some times} call me blunt ~~sometimes~~ for unexpected reductions in staff, but... that's just how ^{I ensure} sustainability remains my top priority.
- 5) ~~Recently, I've received much criticism on Twitter. A couple of months ago, there have been talks about my ups and downs on Twitter not so long ago. I have bought Twitter. No public criticism~~ ~~is~~ ^{any more} left out. As for ~~my~~ ~~set~~ my career setbacks, they remind me I'm just a man.
- 6) Let yourself be weird. ~~but you're not you~~ ~~but you're not you~~ ~~but you're not you~~ I was weird back then, when my smallest ideas were thrown apart by my teachers. If you're weird, you're on the right path. ~~Nothing~~ Nothing illegal though!

Task 3.

- 1) Unless conflicting priorities are resolved, organizational productivity will significantly decrease.



Unless is a synonym for "if not". Sentence with just "if".
If conflicting priorities are resolved, organizational productivity will significantly decrease.
"If" completely changes the meaning of the sentence, therefore it needs a negative form. "If not" equals "unless".

If conflicting priorities are not resolved, organizational productivity will significantly decrease. = original sentence.

2) Communication is an essential skill of the success in the modern workplace.

Communication plays the biggest role in the sentence, shaping its meaning. The whole sentence usually concentrates on its subject, which is "communication" in this case. As for the tone of the sentence, placing "communication" on the very first place makes it more persuasive and states the most important thing for the audience from scratch.

3) There is a global shift toward sustainability occurring in societal values.

"There is" is a grammatical construction for such sentences, where ~~one thing~~ is one needs to present location of something. Here, "there is" presents us the shift, which occurs in societal values. Since there's no "human" subject, we also need to use this construction.

4) To thrive, organizations must embrace calculated risk-taking.

The infinitive is used here to show the purpose of





another action in the sentence. Purpose, aim, or result.
Aim - to thrive (how?) embrace calculated risk-taking.
It also makes the sentence sound more like an instruction, or calling for action.

5) Were it not for technological advancements, this task would be impossible.

2 Conditional. Main meaning - imaginary or unreal situation in the present. This sentence implies that currently, the situation is different, i.e. there are advancements and the task is possible.

Task 4.

1. C. ~~Being jobless for half a year, Neil~~

Neil had only realised his state after spending half-a-year without a job.

2. A. Grumpy and unstable, that's what everyone says about Maggie. That girl may easily abandon you and neglect your agreement unreasonably.

3. B. A disagreement based on the length and breadth of my fence is what a guy who lives nearby going to sue me for.

4. C. there was a ceaseless storm outside when I was asleep in complete darkness, ~~no~~ no silver lining among those clouds!

5. C. You're not capable of cooking something according to the manual unless you are provided with key parts of the dish.

6. A. She is used to be that restless, therefore, even now, Tara is out there, hitchhiking to the capital of curry and elephants.

7. D. Ralph is ~~so~~ a soon-to-be pensioner and



your touching upon it did push all the right buttons.

8. A Had it not been for half-a-year of treatment in ~~that~~ a hospital, Simon would be still incapable of walking.

9. C Although a lot of tax-payers would like to become entrepreneurs, ~~instability~~ and the lack of financial stability and ~~global~~ constant global changes set them off.

10. C Should any amendments to the exam procedure be done, our company will not leave you ~~unaware~~ unaware of it.

Task 5. odd ones - C, I

1. A

2. B. Purpose - inform scientists and interested people about the events that happened in this field, e.g. experiments, outbreaks, hypotheses etc.

Audience - readers of the journal or listeners of the lecture.

Language features: Scientific Article is characterized by advanced vocabulary (sample, regression, robustness), neutral and emotionless statement of facts (no exclamation marks etc) and numbers for providing the accuracy of information (300).

3. J Purpose - make ~~you~~ the person you speak to laugh

Audience - anyone who can speak and hear, ^{probably a} friend

Language features: personification (you), emotions (exclamation mark, hilarious), short sentences and ~~implied~~ implied dialogue - format.

4. K



5. L Purpose - inform people interested in finance, shares and big companies about the latest occurrences in that field.

Audience - ~~for~~ entrepreneurs, law and business school students, usually men.

Language features: suitable words / themed words (stock market, industries, decline), ~~fast change~~ events are mentioned in an order, since business is about money, news tend to constant comparison (... performing better than ... faced declines.)

6. M Purpose - scare the reader, make them suspect all characters, provide an unexpected ending

Audience - law school students, detective genre enjoyers, relatively gender-neutral audience, readers!

Adults or middle-aged people, scarcely teenagers

Language features: suitable settings (the scene of murder is described), themed words (kill, victim), emotional words (right moment to strike), also, the extract holds you in tension (Will the victim be killed? we can only guess.)

7. E Purpose - start ~~the~~ the story in the diary

Audience - the author of the diary

Language Features: the author seems to be talking to ~~themselves~~ someone, knowing the diary is personal. This is explained by the fact that the owners of diaries often reread them.

(~~can you~~ imagine the scene - reference to the ~~the~~ reader of the diary), ~~is~~ sharing of emotions

(exclamation mark), personal narration, the order of the events is straight and not mixed.

8. D





9. G

W F Purpose - explain how particular things someone bought work, how to set them up, how to assemble them

Audience - the owner of the furniture, a person who bought this chair

Language features: advanced and technical words, names of the instruments (assemble, attach, seat, screws, tighten), emotionless narration, exact order of actions (first... then...), explained reasons of ~~the~~ particular actions (tighten (why?) to secure).

Task 6.

Fallacy: 1. Sentence: 2

Explanation: Banning cars is not the only solution to congestion, pollution and safety problems. While the author emphasizes cars, it is wrong to ignore other options. ~~Other options are also mentioned in the text.~~

Improved sentence: Consequently, many people argue that banning cars would positively influence ~~the~~ ^{such} problems that occur in city centers.

Fallacy: 2. Sentence: 5

Explanation: Banning cars certainly would not eliminate air pollution, because there are other causes of this problem ~~like~~, like ~~factories~~, ~~cars~~ ~~etc~~ smokers, farms, airplanes etc.

Improved sentence: ~~Therefore, banning cars would make cities cleaner and contribute to the global process of making the air on the planet "breathable" again.~~





Improved sentence: Therefore, banning cars would make both cities and the air in them cleaner.

Fallacy: 3 Sentence: 7

Explanation: Even without cars, there would be ^{still} traffic accidents with, for example, public transport, bikes and other types of vehicle.

Improved sentence: If cars were banned, there would be a drastic decrease in the amount of accidents per annum.

Fallacy: 4. Sentence: 9

Explanation: The result is illogical. Banning cars wouldn't immediately transform the cities. At least because citizens would need time to get used to that and "clean up" after cars.

Improved sentence: As a result, banning cars would help authorities and citizens transform city centres into peaceful and enjoyable places for everyone ~~over~~ some time.
after

Fallacy: 5 Sentence: 11

Explanation: This solution has a lot of setbacks and, as stated, many people oppose banning cars, therefore one can't use "undeniably" here.

Improved sentence: While some may oppose the ban, it currently appears to be one of the best ~~and efficient~~ decisions a city can make.

